Section IX

GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

DESIGN GUIDELINES

A. <u>GENERAL</u>

- The following sanitary sewer system design guidelines are based on Federal, State and local health requirements and the Hilton Head No. 1 Public Service District engineering design criteria.
- 2. These design guidelines are applicable to all developments including but not limited to residential, commercial and industrial developments, subdivisions and/or parks requiring sanitary sewer service from the Hilton Head No.1 Public Service District.

B. <u>GRAVITY SEWER SYSTEM DESIGN CRITERIA</u>

- 1. Minimum main line size: 8".
- 2. Service lines:
 - a. Minimum size: 4".
 - b. 6" service line may be provided, but for no more than two residential units and only upon specific approval from the District.
- 3. Cleanouts:
 - a. Same size diameter as the line in which they are installed.
 - b. Maximum size: 6".
 - c. Minimum size: 4".

- 4. Minimum pipe slope:
 - a. Main lines:
 - 1) 8-inch: 0.34%
 - 2) 10-inch: 0.26%
 - 3) 12-inch: 0.20%
 - 4) 15-inch: 0.15%
 - 5) 18-inch: 0.12%
 - 6) 21-inch: 0.10%
 - 7) 24-inch: 0.11%
 - b. Service lines:
 - 1) 4-inch: 1.0%
 - 2) 6-inch: 0.5%

C. <u>CAPACITY DESIGN</u>

- 1. Minimum flow for residential or apartment unit: 300 gallons per day per unit.
- 2. All other flows: comply with the unit contributory loading criteria, Appendix A of the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Standards for Wastewater Facility Construction: R.61-67.

D. INFILTRATION

1. Maximum infiltration: 100 gallons per inch of pipe diameter per mile per day.

E. <u>SEWER PIPES</u>

- 1. Straight alignment.
- 2. Depth adequate to receive wastewater from the lowest service and prevent freezing.
- 3. Slopes greater than 20%.
 - a. Anchor using concrete anchors.
- 4. Where a smaller sewer joins a larger one, match the crowns of each.

5. Service laterals: Locate five (5) feet from property pin from opposite corner of water service lateral.

F. <u>SEPARATION OF WATER MAINS AND SEWERS</u>

- 1. Where possible, locate sewer pipe at least ten (10) feet away, horizontally, from water lines.
- 2. Should ten (10) feet separation not be practical, then the sewer pipe may be located closer provided:
 - a. It is laid in a separate trench.
 - b. It is laid in the same trench with the water main located at one side on a bench of undisturbed earth.
 - c. In either of the above cases, the sewer pipe must be a minimum of 18" below the water pipe measured outside to outside.
- 3. Where sewer pipes cross over or under water lines, maintain 18" minimum clearance between outside edges of the two pipes.

G. <u>COVER</u>

- 1. Provide suitable cover on all lines. Minimal cover depth as follows:
 - a. Less than 8" diameter: 36".
 - b. 10" and 12" diameter: 36".
 - c. 14" diameter and larger: 48".
 - d. All piping located within the right-of-way of the South Carolina Department of Transportation shall have a cover as indicated above or 36" below the elevation of the road, whichever is greater.
 - e. Special conditions other than those listed above may be approved if requested in writing from the Hilton Head No. 1 Public Service District.

H. <u>DUCTILE IRON PIPE LOCATIONS</u>

- 1. Use ductile iron pipe where sanitary sewer:
 - a. Crosses over a water line.
 - b. Crosses beneath storm drainage pipe with less than three (3) feet of clearance.
 - c. Crosses above a storm drainage or other pipe with less than two (2) feet of clearance.
 - d. Crosses creeks, rivers and other water bodies.
 - e. Installed in casing.
 - f. Cover is less than minimum prescribed in Part G above.

I. <u>MANHOLES</u>

- 1. Maximum manhole spacing: 400 feet.
- 2. Minimum angle between manholes: 90°.
- 3. Manhole top elevations:
 - a. One (1) foot above the fifty year flood elevation.
 - b. If located in pavement and lower than fifty-year flood elevation, use water tight ring and cover.
- 4. Use outside drop manholes where the difference in incoming and outgoing pipe elevation is two (2) feet or greater.